

CLEAN COAL

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Aztec Fuel Co.

TELEPHONE 251.

and that it was worth not less than four million dollars and might easily be worth six million dollars. Judge Mann asked who the lands belonged to and Mr. Steinberg explained that it was claimed by Austin and Marr of El Paso, and others. He said that the taxes on the land would repay the state. Mr. Steinberg said that he had endeavored to understand the proposition, but had not done so as clearly as he wished and thought the house should take more time to consider it. Judge Mann said that he thought more time should be given this appropriation and a motion by him was carried, making it a special order for Thursday afternoon in committee of the whole.

After the introduction of a long series of bills this morning Judge Mann called the attention of the members to the fact that bills cannot be introduced after March 5 without unanimous consent. After futile efforts to proceed with the calendar in the regular order Judge Mann moved the appointment of a steering committee, to which should be referred all bills on the calendar. The motion carried and the speaker appointed as this committee, C. Gallardo, C. S. Fleming, Monseñor C. Ortiz, A. B. Henehan and J. N. Casarez.

The house took a recess until 2:30 o'clock after hearing the first reading of thirty-five new bills. The most important of these are a bill by Martinez and Trujillo providing for the taxation of mining property, and the mine output tax introduced by Representative Chavez of Sierra county.

Among the bills introduced this morning was House Bill No. 248 by Steinberg and Gonzalez, a pure food inspection bill, a bill by Stein and Gonzalez to regulate charges to be made by flouring mills for grinding wheat; House Bill No. 275, by Mr. Steinberg, the much discussed military code, a bill by Mr. Abeyta, to allow traveling expenses to assessors; House Bill No. 282, from the Bernalillo county delegation, making an appropriation for a survey and investigation of lands in the Rio Grande valley. A bill to tax motion picture theaters by license was introduced by Mr. Gonzalez.

CONGRESS TO VOTE ON SHIP BILL AT 4 P. M.

Republican Leader Mann Started a Filibuster When the Bill Was Brought Into the House Today.

Washington, March 2.—When the administration ship bill was brought into the house again today, Republican leader Mann at once blocked all proceedings with a filibuster and the upshot of it was the Republicans and Democrats agreed to vote on it at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and take up other business in the meantime.

Agree on Naval Bill.
Conferees on the naval bill agreed on two battleships, two submarines of ocean going type, sixteen coast defense submarines, six or more torpedo boat destroyers, and one oil fuel ship. The senate amendment appropriating \$1,000,000 toward construction of an armor plate factory, was stricken out.

Deficiency Bill Riders.
Various projects which would otherwise fall of passage were attached to the general deficiency bill as amendments today by the senate appropriations committee. Among them are the following:

An appropriation equal to all the premiums already collected by the war risk bureau to defray future losses if any.

A million dollars for extra expenses of the state department in caring for diplomatic interests of the belligerents.

Authority for the interstate commerce commission to examine correspondence of common carriers which the supreme court recently held it does not have.

Authority for the Philippine legislature to amend emergency war revenue legislation.

Pointed Pains For City Streets.
Los Angeles, Cal., March 1.—Statue palms, set in cement tubs, will line the streets of this city during California exposition year. Workmen today began placing the decorations. The palms will alternate with the chandeliers in the business district. They are a part of a general beautifying scheme in which the city, county, civic bodies, commercial organizations and school children took part.

ASK FOR
SUNSHINE
WHEN YOU WANT
GOOD BUTTER
MADE IN ALBUQUERQUE

OPENING ELEPHANT BUTTE PROJECT TO BE MADE IMPRESSIVE

Bill Introduced in Senate to Provide \$5,000 Appropriation by State in Addition to That Asked by Congress.

MEASURE CREATES MANAGING BOARD OF CONTROL

Based on Assumption That National Irrigation Congress Will Be Secured for Albuquerque in 1916.

(State Capital Bureau of Evening Herald.)
Santa Fe, N. M., March 2.—That the formal opening of the great Elephant Butte irrigation project is to be made an occasion of national importance and interest, and celebrating the completion of the nation's greatest irrigation undertaking, has been practically determined upon by the people of Las Cruces, and of El Paso, following suggestions made by the Elephant Butte Water Users association, the El Paso irrigators association, and by Col. W. S. Hovey of Albuquerque, New Mexico, member of the executive committee of the International Irrigation congress.

Following the introduction of the memorial to congress in the senate yesterday by Senator Holt of Las Cruces, the text of which was published in the Herald yesterday, Mr. Holt introduced Senate Bill No. 151, creating a board of control to manage the celebration of the completion of the project, which also will act with a local committee at Albuquerque, as a board of control for the International Irrigation congress, if that congress determines to meet in Albuquerque in 1916.

Senate Bill No. 151 provides that the board and directors of the Elephant Butte Water Users association shall be the board of control of the celebration, with power to take charge of all details of the arrangement, and to fix the date for the celebration at such time in 1916 as shall suit the completion of the project, local conditions, and the convenience of the International Irrigation congress.

The bill carries an appropriation of \$5,000 from the state government to be used by the board of control in paying the expenses of the celebration, and there is some reason to hope that congress may be induced to grant the memorial passed by the New Mexico senate, making an appropriation for the celebration. It is recalled that congress made an appropriation of \$20,000 for the irrigation congress held at Albuquerque in 1895, when there was nothing of direct federal importance involved. And it is reasoned that there is abundant excuse for the appropriation to celebrate the completion of the nation's greatest irrigation project. The irrigation congress meets this year at San Francisco, and should the Holt bill pass, an official state invitation will be extended to it to hold its 1916 session in Albuquerque. Later the delegates would go to the Elephant Butte dam to special trains, where the formal dedication of the project would take place.

With this and the cattle convention in prospect Albuquerque now has three large conventions in line for 1916, the third being the biennial convention of the Alliance Hispano-Americana to meet in July in 1916, with an attendance of about 500 delegates from California, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Colorado.

AMERICAN NOTE WILL NOT BE PUBLISHED IN GREAT BRITAIN

London, March 2 (3:30 p. m.)—Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, declined to make public the full correspondence which had passed recently between Great Britain and the United States, including the text of the American note concerning the German naval war zone. Replying to a question in the house of commons, the foreign secretary said that he would publish no correspondence in addition to what already has appeared, unless the consent of the United States was given.

PROMINENT AUTOISTS TO RACE AT FRISCO

San Francisco, March 2.—The start of the Vanderbilt cup automobile race at the Panama Pacific exposition was fixed by the racing committee today for 12:30 p. m. Sunday. The race is 200 miles and it is expected with dry weather that it will be concluded at 5:30 p. m. Drivers were on the course today flying around in trial spins. Among the entrants are Ralph De Palma and Harry Grant, twice winners of the Vanderbilt race; Eddie Pullen and Darius Lewis, Grand Prix winners; Barney Oldfield and Earl Cooper.

Colorado Militia Arraigned In a Federal Report

House Mines and Mining Subcommittee Makes Scathing Document as Result of Strike Investigations.

Washington, March 2.—A scathing arraignment of the Colorado militia for its treatment of striking miners and their families is contained in a voluminous report submitted to the house today by the mines and mining subcommittee which investigated conditions in the Colorado coal fields under a resolution adopted a year ago in January. While scoring conditions generally in the coal fields and criticizing many acts of the mine operators, including alleged violation of state laws, the committee reports that no evidence was found of a conspiracy in restraint of trade to limit the output of the mines, nor conclusive proof of the existence of peonage.

The strike was settled long before the committee completed its report, so no specific recommendations are made. The committee appeals, however, for arbitration in such situations. It declares that these disturbances are non-wide in their importance, that the federal government is the only power competent to deal with them.

"It seemed the militia was on the side of the operators in this controversy," says the report after reciting the action of the governor in calling out the state troops, "and the evidence seems conclusively to prove such to have been the case. The sooner men armed in the service of the state learn that the men with whom they may deal may be poor and ignorant, and even violators of the law, but are still human, the better it will be for all concerned."

"The recruiting of mine guards as members of the militia, in our judgment, was a mistake, since intense animosity had existed for some time between the mine guards and miners and it was difficult or even impossible for the miners to feel that these men were neutral conservators of the peace."

"In other instances the acts were of an immoral kind and such a nature as to be unfit for publication in this report. There were acts of brutality testified to before the committee which might be enumerated, men on sight provoked, were thrown into jail and kept there without the opportunity of proving their innocence."

The committee denounces John M. Chase, adjutant general of the militia of the state, for his refusal to testify except upon condition that he would not be questioned by representatives of the miners, and declares that he "was overbearing to all who came in contact with him."

Reviewing the testimony of many witnesses, the report says that from the time the strike was called until the day the president of the United States there was a series of battles which seemed to be fierce while they lasted and a number of people were killed and wounded on both sides. It condemns as inexcusable both the attack on Herndon camp by men alleged to have been strikers, as well as the assault upon Forbes tent colony by armed guards using a machine gun.

Testimony of present and former county officials is quoted to show efforts of mine operators to control elections in Las Animas and Huerfano counties, and the committee remarks that the manner of selecting juries in those counties, where according to witnesses, cases of bribery and other irregularities were dealt seven or twelve jurors were deputy sheriffs, "appears to be against the provisions of the law."

Albuquerque Has Good Chance to Get Cattlemen

El Paso, Texas, March 2.—All appearances are favorable to Albuquerque securing the 1916 cattlemen's convention. The Albuquerque special arrived here this morning one hundred and twenty-five strong. The entire delegation is now on the job and working like Trojans.

The rest of the English-speaking party at camp, engaged in the fighting too late to secure a place in the hospital at the mine, flying the Red Cross flag. The artillerymen serving the guns at the camp were out to two men, and the infantry toward night became helpless.

The Turks were advancing in the dark, fighting their way with burning sheds. Two of the party, an American and a Scotsman, started out to cross the mountains to the Russian town of Arvin, while the others, under cover of darkness, took a chance on reaching Borzhoma and got through safely. The American, Morris Caldwell, and the Scot, got lost in the mountains and were for three days without food before they finally arrived at a river which they had to swim. In midstream they were greeted by a rifle fire. The Scot was killed, and his body drifted down stream, but Caldwell escaped to a Turkish village. He was so worn out that he even dropped off to sleep while seeing a Turk in the same boat wheel a butcher knife and talk about a holy war.

By good fortune an old Turk formerly employed at the mine, recognized Caldwell as an American, and set him free. He returned to the mine, boarded up the camp, and then worked his way to Trebizond. Here he was arrested by a spy and carried off to a Turkish prison. He obtained release only by the mere chance of signaling a passing American, who happened to be the United States consul. From Trebizond he took a Greek steamer for Constantinople, which made the trip in sixteen days instead of the usual three.

AMERICAN ENGINEER QUIT MEAT WHEN KIDNEYS BOTHER

DESCRIPTS ESCAPE FROM CAUCASUS

Take a Glass of Salt. If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bother, You.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly makes a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms acid which clogs the kidney pores so they sluggishly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood and you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys. The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts, or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of stinging, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any reliable pharmacy and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful after-dinner or lunch-water drink which all regular meat eaters should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

To Make Chicago Dry.
Chicago, March 2.—Plans for a campaign to oust saloons from Chicago in 1916, were discussed today at the opening of temperance headquarters here. More than 200 churches have agreed to support the movement and twenty-four temperance and kindred organizations have pledged their aid in the effort to drive out 1,152 saloons open in the city.

ATTACK BY ALLIES

(Continued from Page One.)
Gone place and on the southern boundary of the forest of Augustow there have been during the last few days several violent engagements which have resulted to the advantage of the Russians. The attacks delivered by the Germans on Oswowets and in the region of Jedwabne to the northeast of Lomza, have not resulted successfully.

"In the region of Prasnysz the Russians after having driven back the attacks of the Germans undertook a vigorous offensive along a front extending for about 40 kilometers. This movement was crowned with success. Kranseski and the Germans were compelled to retreat along this entire front, leaving numerous prisoners in the hands of the Russians."

"All the engagements undertaken by the enemy along the front which extends from the junction of the Buzna river to the Carpathians as far as Mount Luptow, have resulted fruitlessly and the situation here remains very truly without change. All the recent attacks of the Austrian and the German forces, which were particularly severe in the direction of Koutskow and Romilow, have been repulsed with heavy losses. Judging from the reports also it would seem that the progress of the enemy in this vicinity has been definitely checked."

"To organize the forces with which Field Marshal Von Hindenburg undertook this offensive movement, which today stands checked, the Germans brought three army corps from the southern part of their eastern fronts, two others from stations in the interior of the country and one from the French front."

ALLIES CLAIM SUCCESS IN WESTERN WAR ZONE
London, March 2 (4:35 p. m.)—The following report from the headquarters of Sir John French, commander of the British forces in the field, was given out today by the official bureau:

"The enemy's activities in the neighborhood of Ypres, reported in the last communications, have been checked. During the last three nights patrols which have been active in front of our trenches have found that the enemy has not ventured to leave his lines."

"Early this morning—March 1—an attack preceded by heavy bombardment made on a portion of our line was successfully repulsed on our part of a party of French Patriots' Canadian light infantry captured a German trench with great dash. After killing eleven of the occupants and driving off the remainder, they succeeded in blowing up the trench. Our losses were trifling."

"On our right, near Las Basse, we gained ground steadily by skillful trench work and in this zone we obtained complete mastery over the enemy's snipers and in consequence our casualties were greatly reduced."

"On several positions along our front our artillery forced the enemy's batteries to change position and increased the accuracy over the opposing guns which has been observable for some time past."

GERMANS INFLECT HEAVY LOSS ON ALLIES CLAIM
Berlin, March 2 (By wireless to Saxville).—The German war office today gave out a report on the progress of the fighting, dated March 2, which says:

"Renewed French attacks in the Champagne district have in most cases already been repulsed. The French were in strong force. Before the German fire their losses were enormous. At some places there were hand-to-hand encounters, but in all of them we were victorious. We had firmly our positions."

"In the eastern area of the war the Russian advances to the south-east an outpost of the Augustow forests have resulted in failure."

"Russian night attacks to the northeast of Lomza and to the east of Plock have been repulsed."

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"Isn't it wonderful to have a beverage so refreshing?"

Ask your grocer for



The Markets

Chicago Board of Trade.
Chicago, March 2.—Wheat prices developed comparative strength today after showing much nervousness at the start. The opening, which varied from 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 up, was followed by a material advance all around. The close was unsettled, 1 1/2 to 1 1/4 down, compared with last night.

After opening 1/4 to 1/2 lower to a like advance, corn prices scored a moderate general upturn. The close was firm, 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 to 1 1/4 above last night.

Oats rose with other grain. Firmness of the hog market tended to rally provisions.

Close:
Wheat—May, \$1.42 1/2; July, \$1.43 1/2.
Corn—May, 72 1/2; July, 74 1/2.
Oats—May, \$1.22; July, \$1.23 1/2.
Lard—May, \$19.39; July, \$19.50.
Hibs—May, \$3.99; July, \$4.10.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, March 2.—Hogs—Receipts 19,000; market slow, weak to 50 under the opening, which was strong to a shade above yesterday's average, bulk, \$6.50 to \$6.75; heavy, \$6.50 to \$6.75; pigs, \$5.75 to \$6.45.

Cattle—Receipts 2,000; market steady; native steers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; western, \$5.00 to \$5.25; calves, \$5.50 to \$6.00.

Sheep—Receipts 5,000 head; market strong; sheep, \$5.00 to \$5.25; lambs, \$7.25 to \$9.00.

Kansas City Livestock.
Kansas City, Mo., March 2.—Hogs—Receipts 15,000 head; market strong; bulk, \$6.50 to \$6.75; heavy, \$6.50 to \$6.75; pigs, \$5.75 to \$6.45.

Cattle—Receipts 6,000 head; market steady; prime fed steers, \$5.00 to \$5.25; western steers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; calves, \$5.50 to \$6.00.

Sheep—Receipts 1,000; market higher; lambs, \$5.00 to \$5.25; yearlings, \$7.50 to \$9.00.

Kansas City Produce.
Kansas City, Mo., March 2.—Butter—Creamery, 200 lbs. 24 1/2; seconds, 25 1/2; packing, 12 1/2.

Eggs—Fresh, 17 1/2; second, 15 1/2. Poultry—Hens, 14 1/2; chickens, 10 1/2; turkeys, 15 1/2.

Denver Livestock.
Denver, Colo., March 2.—Cattle—Receipts 100 head; market steady; beef steers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; cow and heifers, \$5.00 to \$5.25; stockers and feeders, \$4.50 to \$4.75; calves, \$5.50 to \$6.00.

Hogs—Receipts 2,000 head; market strong; top, \$6.50; bulk, \$6.00 to \$6.25; heavy, \$6.50 to \$6.75; pigs, \$5.75 to \$6.45.

New York Stock Exchange.
New York, March 2.—Stocks pursued an uncertain course today, the foreign situation giving rise to renewed apprehension.

New York Metals.
New York, March 2.—Tin, firm, 5-ton lots, \$40.15 to \$41.00; 25-ton lots, \$40.25 to \$41.00.

Copper—Receipts, electrolytic, \$14.75 to \$14.87; casting, \$14.25 to \$14.62.

Iron, quiet and unchanged. At London, Spot copper, 154 25 to 60; futures, 164 1/2. Spot tin, 115 1/2; futures, 118 1/2. Antimony, 172 to 75.

Lead and Spelter.
New York, March 2.—Lead steady, \$4.97 to \$5.02; London, 120 3/4 to 121.

HERALD WANT ADS

Three Lines Three Times Three Dimes

FOR RENT—Houses.
FOR RENT—5 room modern residence, highlands, large porch, furnished, 3 room frame residence, highlands, \$3.00; 3 room adobe, shingle roof, near shops, \$3.00. J. E. Rider, 203 W. Gold Ave.

SITUATION WANTED.
Wanted position as housekeeper, chambermaid or seamstress. E. C. Carr Herald.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.
FOR SALE—Old papers for putting down carpets, etc. Call at Herald office.

WANTED—Agents.
WANTED—Local agent for good proposition, quick seller, splendid profits. See Miss Jane Hulet, Hotel Alvarado, March 4th and 5th for particulars, or write 115 Denham Bldg., Denver.

The HERALD Want Ads get the best results.

Poultry and Eggs
FOR SALE—Hatching eggs for hatching; four different breeds. Also hatched Plymouth Rocks, Black Minors, single comb White Leghorns, Toulouse and English Game. Some fine breeding males for sale. C. A. Pappé, 1214 North Fourth Street.

BUFF ORPINGTON EGGS—Eight "B. O." March pullets produced 124 eggs in December, 145 in January, eggs from either one year or two-year-old buyers, \$1.00 per setting, 1611 Forrester Ave.

Personals.
MOVED—From corner of Broadway and Central to 211 East Central, opposite the Highland House. Shull & Sever's Shoe Shop.

H. B. BACA, Spanish translator, interpreter and instructor, 317 South First Street; phone 624.

FOR CARPET cleaning, furniture and stove repairing, W. A. Giff, phone 568.